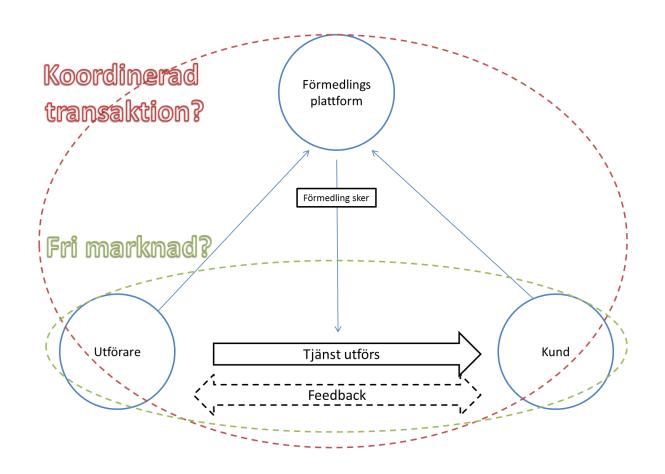
# JHOHEN



# The platform economy



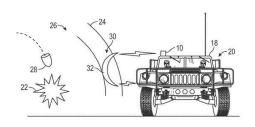


# Digital structural change

- Cheaper and faster processing
- Decentralized computing (The Cloud)
- Cheaper and more efficient ways to collective large amounts of data (Big Data)
- Smarter algorithms (AI)

- Watson
- New innovation and more efficient use of existing processes
- Ingenious implementation of digital solutions

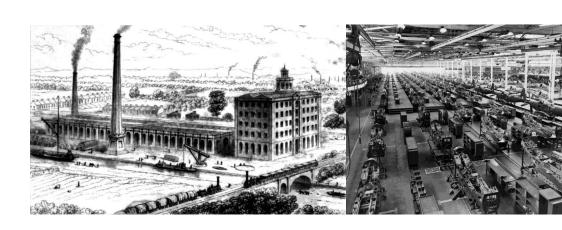






### Digital structural change

 If gathering the work force in factories, and lining up machines in production lines was a big deal, is coordinating a decentralised work force via an application an equally big deal?







## The platform economy

- The sharing economy + crowdsourcing + commercial interests
- Intermediary platforms coordinating transactions between buyers and sellers on a market
- Typically freelance work





## The platform economy

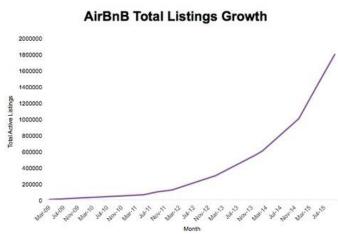
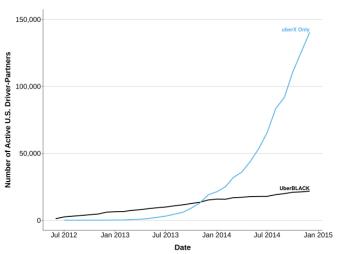




Figure 7: Active Uber Driver-Partners by Service



Note: Sample consists of all U.S. UberBLACK and uberX driver-partners making at least four trips in any month (284,898 individuals).

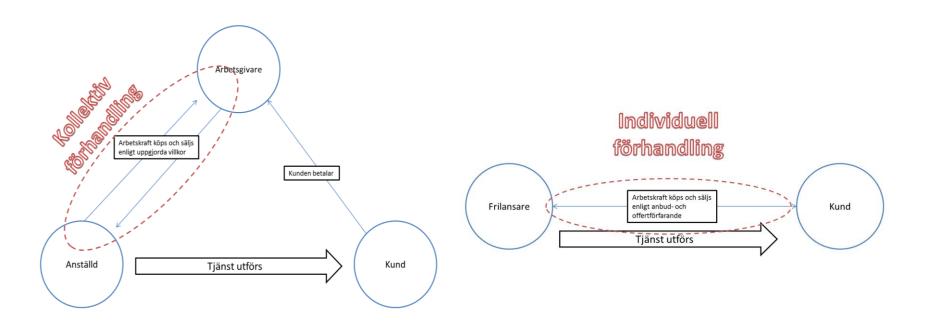






Source: Wikimedia Commons

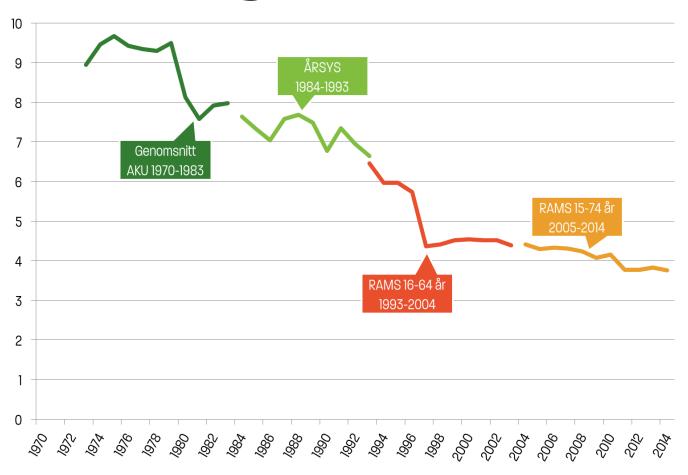




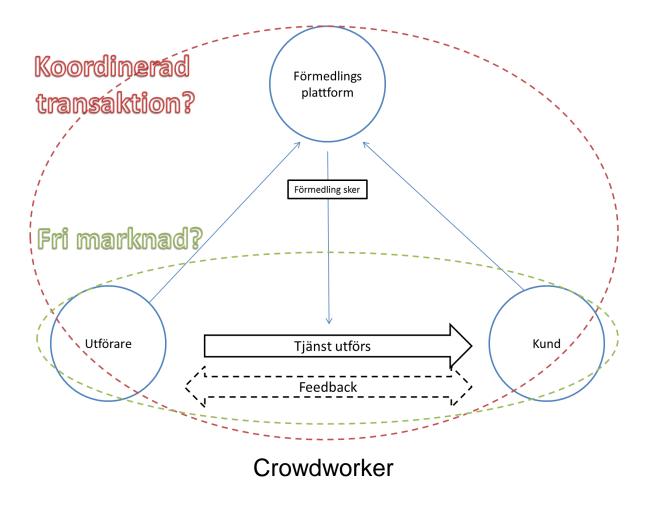
The Employee (Internalised labour)

The Freelancer (Externalised labour)





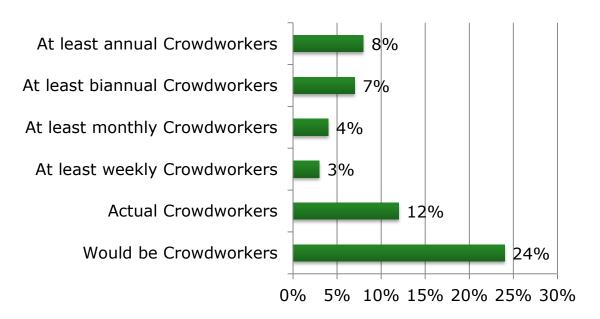






### Disruption on the labour markets

12 % of Swedes have crowdworked





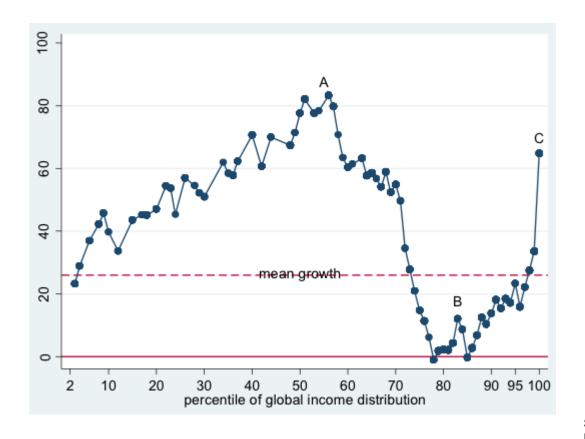
### Disruption on the labour markets

What is innovative about precarious work?





#### Disruption on the labour markets



Source: Milanovic, B. and J. Roemer (2016), "Interaction of global and national income inequalities", *Journal of Globalization and Development,* forthcoming.



# The future of organised labour

- 1. Is there enough innovation in legitimise via regulation?
- 2. How do we balance regulation of different interests?
- 3. How do we assure regulation doesn't hinder innovation?



# The future of organised labour

- Unionen's role in the platform based economy
  - Organise a decentralised labour force
    - Develop self-employed membership
  - Not just services, new structures of collective bargaining
  - Show that we are a pragmatic, trustworthy partner
  - Create institutions needed to make this work, together with platforms (a one-sided approach is impossible)
  - International partnerships to harmonise regulation of cross border platforms



# The future of organised labour

- Main takeaways
  - Heed the lessons of our messy past
  - Enable a just transition to a platform based economy
    - Negotiation before confrontation
    - Help platforms be good platforms
  - Strive for far-reaching self-regulation which balances the interests of capital and labour
    - Delegate the regulation to the social partners, Nordic style
    - Cross country coordination of regulation via social partners